### Amendments to the Claims:

From-Affymetrix, Inc.

#### Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-38 (Canceled)

Claim 39

(Previously presented) A method of analyzing a first nucleic acid sample

comprising:

providing said first nucleic acid sample;

reproducibly reducing the complexity of said first nucleic acid sample to produce a second nucleic acid sample by fragmenting said first nucleic acid sample to produce fragments using a selected fragmentation method, ligating adaptor sequences to said fragments, and amplifying at least some of said fragments ligated with said adaptor sequences using a selected amplification method;

providing a nucleic acid array, wherein a computer system is used to identify polymorphisms that are predicted to be present on fragments that are amplified when the first nucleic acid sample is fragmented by said selected fragmentation method and amplified by said selected amplification method and the probes of the array consist essentially of probes to interrogate the genotype of a plurality of said polymorphisms;

> hybridizing said second nucleic acid sample to said array; and analyzing a hybridization pattern resulting from said hybridization.

(Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said second Claim 40 nucleic acid sample comprises at least 0.5 % of the fragments in said first nucleic acid sample.

(Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said second Claim 41 nucleic acid sample comprises at least 3 % of the fragments in said first nucleic acid sample.

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- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said second Claim 42 nucleic acid sample comprises at least 12 % of the fragments in said first nucleic acid sample.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said second Claim 43 nucleic acid sample comprises at least 50 % of the fragments in said first nucleic acid sample.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said first nucleic Claim 44 acid sample is DNA.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said first nucleic Claim 45 acid sample is genomic DNA.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said first nucleic Claim 46 acid sample is cDNA derived from RNA or mRNA.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein the steps of Claim 47 fragmenting said first nucleic acid sample to produce fragments, ligating adaptor sequences to said fragments, and amplifying at least some of said fragments ligated with said adapter sequences are performed in a single reaction vessel.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said step of Claim 48 fragmenting said first nucleic acid sample comprises digestion with at least one restriction enzyme.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said step of Claim 49 fragmenting said first nucleic acid sample comprises digestion with a type Ils endonuclease.

- Claim 50 (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said adaptor sequences comprise PCR primer template sequences.
- Claim 51 (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said adaptor sequences comprise tag sequences.
- Claim 52 (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said method for analyzing a first nucleic acid sample comprises determining whether the first nucleic acid sample contains sequence variations.
- Claim 53 (Previously presented) The method of claim 52 wherein said sequence variations are single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).

Claim 54-56 (Canceled)

Claim 57 (Previously presented) A method of analyzing a first nucleic acid sample comprising:

providing a first nucleic acid sample;

obtaining a second nucleic acid sample by:

binding oligonucleotide probes containing a desired SNP sequence to magnetic beads to form probe-bead complexes;

hybridizing said probe-bead complexes to said first nucleic acid sample to form target-probe complexes comprising DNA targets hybridized to complementary oligonucleotide probes, wherein the target-probe complexes comprise a double stranded portion and single stranded DNA target regions;

exposing said target-probe complexes to a single strand DNA nuclease to remove said single stranded DNA target regions thereby obtaining double stranded DNA duplexes;

ligating a double stranded adaptor sequence comprising a restriction enzyme site to said double stranded DNA duplexes to obtain adaptor-ligated DNA duplexes;

digesting said adaptor-ligated DNA duplexes with a restriction enzyme to release the magnetic bead from the adaptor-ligated DNA duplex; and

generating said second nucleic acid sample by isolating the adaptor-ligated DNA duplexes released from the magnetic beads by digestion;

providing a nucleic acid array;

hybridizing said second nucleic acid sample to said array; and analyzing a hybridization pattern resulting from said hybridization.

Claim 58 (Currently amended) The method of claim 57 wherein said restriction enzyme is a Class type IIs endonuclease.

Claims 59-173 (Canceled)

Claim 174 (Previously presented) A method for genotyping a plurality of single nucleotide polymorphisms from a genomic DNA sample comprising:

- (a) mixing said genomic DNA sample with a plurality of oligonucleotide probes, wherein each probe comprises a single nucleotide polymorphism and, wherein the probes are attached to beads, under conditions that allow formation of complexes comprising oligonucleotide probes bound to complementary genomic DNA target sequences;
- (b) adding a single strand DNA nuclease to the complexes to remove single strand overhangs from the complexes, generating double stranded DNA duplexes attached to beads;
- (c) ligating a first adaptor comprising a type IIS restriction enzyme recognition site to the DNA duplexes;
- (d) digesting the duplexes with a type IIS restriction enzyme to separate the beads from the portion of the duplex containing the single nucleotide polymorphism;
- (e) ligating a second adaptor to the portion of the duplex containing the single nucleotide polymorphism;
- (f) amplifying the portion of the duplex containing the single nucleotide polymorphism to generate amplified fragments;

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- (g) hybridizing the amplified fragments to an array of probes comprising allele specific probes complementary to said plurality of single nucleotide polymorphisms to generate a hybridization pattern; and
- (h) analyzing said hybridization pattern to determine the genotype of each single nucleotide polymorphism in said plurality of single nucleotide polymorphisms.

Claim 175 (Previously presented) The method of claim 174 wherein said beads are magnetic beads.

Claim 176 (Previously presented) The method of claim 174 wherein said beads are glass beads.

Claim 177 (Previously presented) The method of claim 174 wherein the genomic DNA sample is fractionated genomic DNA.

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